- 1904, art. 93, sec. 126. 1888, art. 93, sec. 127. 1860, art. 93, sec. 128. 1798, ch. 101, sub-ch. 11, sec. 8. 1916, ch. 224, sec. 127.
- If there be either father or mother living, the other parent having died, and no child or descendants, the father or mother, as the case may be, shall have the whole.

See notes to this section in volume 2 of the Annotated Code.

- 1904, art. 93, sec. 127. 1888, art. 93, sec. 128. 1860, art. 93, sec. 129. 1798, ch. 101, sub-ch. 11, sec. 9. 1912, ch. 91. 1916, ch. 224, sec. 128.
- If there be a brother or sister or a child or descendant of a brother or sister and no child, descendant, father or mother of the intestate, the said brother, sister or child or descendant of a brother or sister shall have the whole.

See notes to this section in volumes 2 and 3 of the Annotated Code.

- 1904, art. 93, sec. 128. 1888, art. 93, sec. 129. 1860, art. 93, sec. 130. 1798, ch. 101, sub-ch. 11, sec. 10. 1916, ch. 224, sec. 129.
- Every brother and sister of the intestate shall be entitled to an equal share, and a child or children of a deceased brother or sister of the intestate shall stand in the place of such brother or sister and a grandchild or grandchildren and every other descendant or other descendants of a deceased brother or sister of the intestate in existence at the death of the intestate shall stand in the place of his, her or their deceased ancestor.

See notes to this section in volume 2 of the Annotated Code.

135.

Where corporate stock stands in the name of A., agent, and B. in trust, both of whom are non-residents, and there is no proof as to who A.'s principal and B.'s cestui que trustent are, it is impossible to say to the school commissioners of what county or the City of Baltimore the money should be paid. This section relates to cases of intestacy only. It becomes operative only upon the assumption that the stock in question was the individual property of the deceased. Neither state nor city held entitled to corporate stock under this section; appeal dismissed. Liquidation of George's Creek Co., 125 Md, 602.

143.

Where an estate has been distributed after a compliance with this section, the decedent's wife and daughter who live in Ireland and did not know of the death of the intestate nor participate in the distribution of his estate, may not recover from the administrator nor from those who receive the estate as legatees or distributees. The orphans' court may determine who are the distributees or next of kin entitled to the estate; jurisdiction of equity denied. Redwood v. Howison, 129 Md. 593.

Administrators or executors are not required to ascertain the creditors. if any, of distributees, or to notify them of an intention to distribute the estate; the administrator or executor assumes no risk, so far as creditors are concerned, in paying distributees before the passing of an account. Effect of postdated check. Am. Agri. Chem. Co. v. Scrimger, 130 Md. 392.

To the first note to this section on page 2079 of volume 2 of the Annotation of the control of the c

tated Code, add Am. Agri. Chem. Co. v. Scrimger, 130 Md. 392.